

Synopsis of the original article
'CAPTURE: a multinational, cross-sectional study of cardiovascular disease prevalence in adults with type 2 diabetes across 13 countries'

Mosenzon O, et al. *Cardiovasc Diabetol.* 2021;20:154.
Synopsis created and reviewed by Novo Nordisk

Introduction



There is a paucity of global data on



CVD prevalence



In people with T2D

CAPTURE study objectives



Primary

To estimate the prevalence of established CVD in adults with T2D

in

13 countries
5 continents

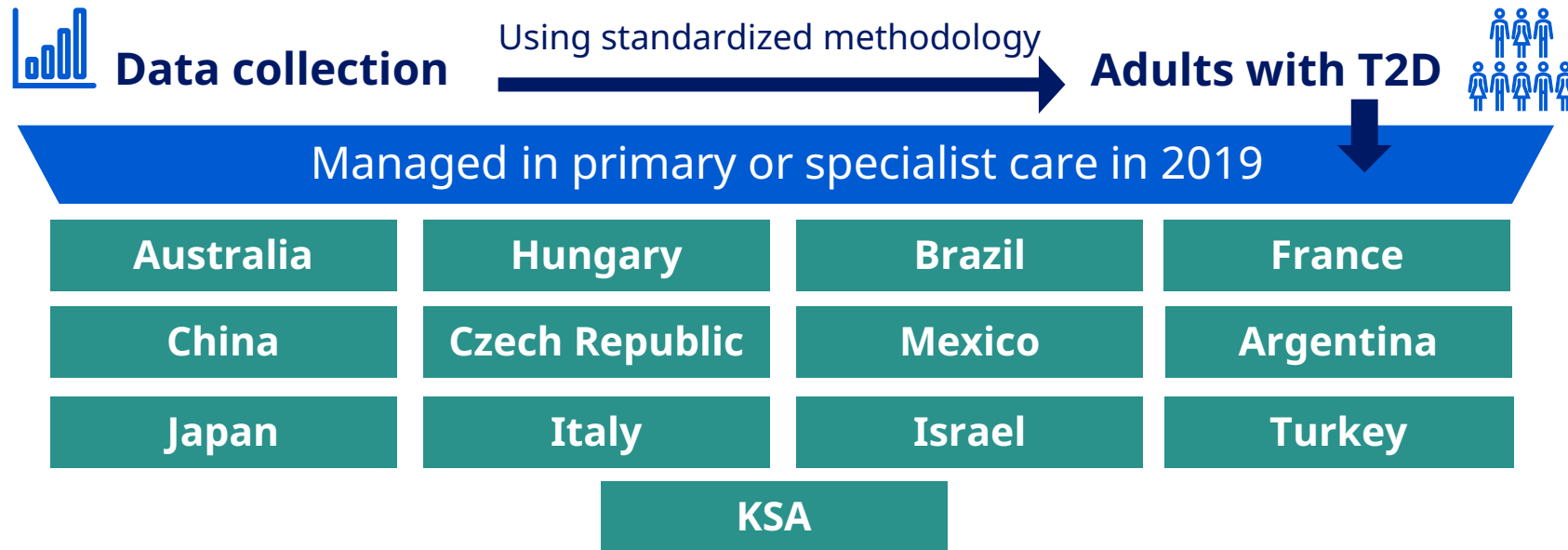
To characterize the study sample by

Additional

- Demographics
- Clinical parameters
- Glucose-lowering agents* with demonstrated CV benefit in randomized intervention trials

*Glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonists and sodium-glucose co-transporter-2 inhibitors
CV, cardiovascular; CVD, cardiovascular disease; T2D, type 2 diabetes

Methods



CVD prevalence (weighted by diabetes prevalence in each country) **was estimated for:**

- The overall sample
- Participating countries

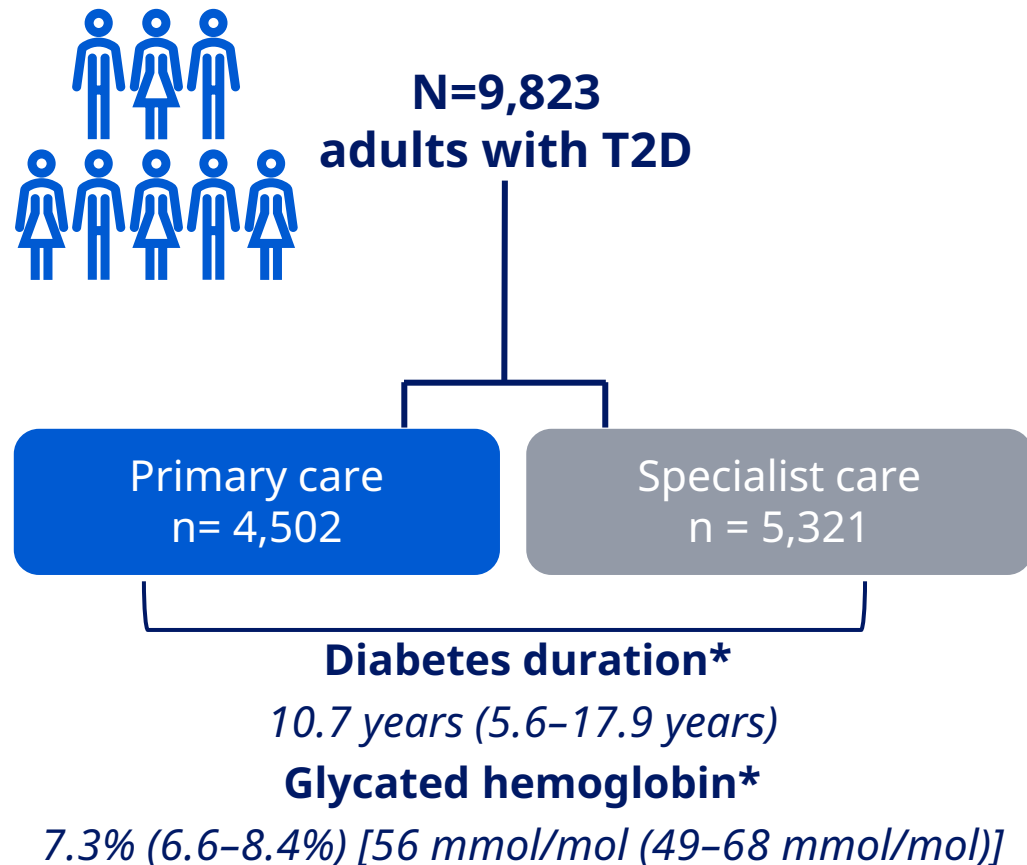
Country-specific odds ratio for CVD prevalence was adjusted for:

- Demographic parameters
- Clinical parameters

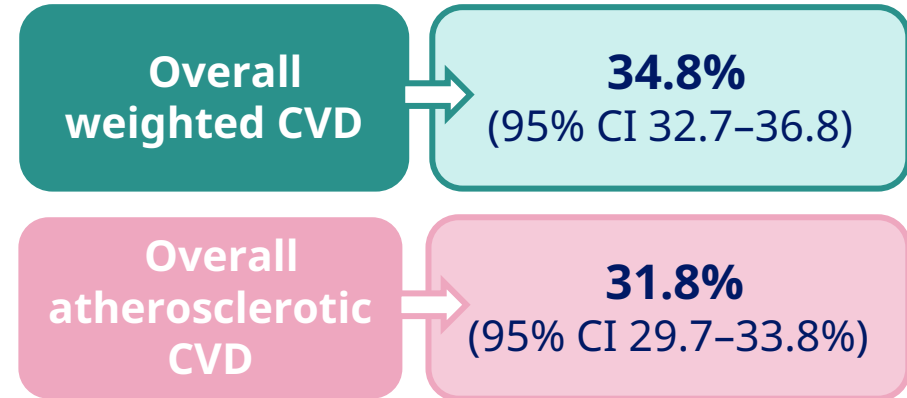


Results

CAPTURE overall sample



Prevalence



Age



Gender

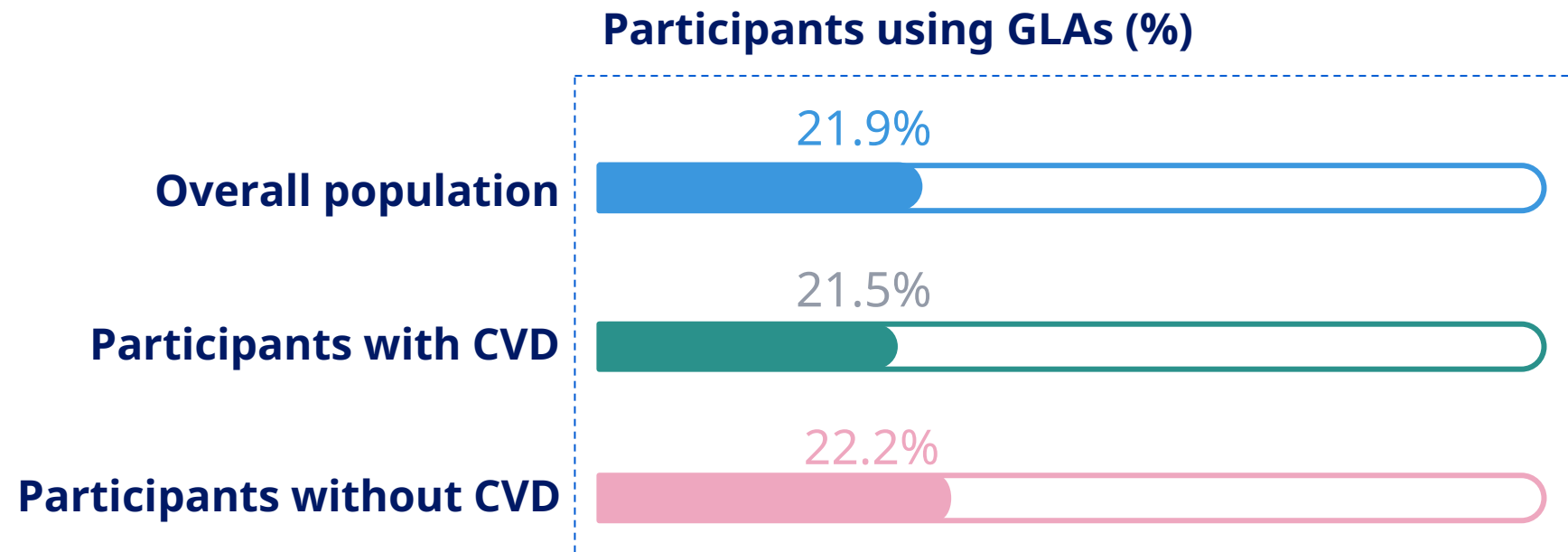


Clinical parameters

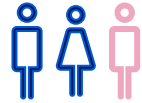
Accounted for some of the between-country variation in CVD prevalence

*Data are reported as median (interquartile range)
CI, confidence interval; CVD, cardiovascular disease; T2D, type 2 diabetes

GLA use (with demonstrated CV benefit) was similar in participants with and without CVD



Conclusion



One in three adults with T2D in CAPTURE had diagnosed CVD

